

Exercices 10

- 1) Let \mathbb{R}^m and \mathbb{C}^m be equipped with their standard Euclidean metric g given by

$$g(z, w) = \operatorname{Re} \sum_{k=1}^m z_k \bar{w}_k$$

and let

$$T^m = \{z \in \mathbb{C}^m \mid |z_1| = \dots = |z_m| = 1\}$$

be the m -dimensional torus in \mathbb{C}^m with the induced metric. Find an isometric immersion $\phi : \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow T^m$, determine all geodesics on T^m and prove that the torus is flat.

- 2)

Let the Lie group $S^3 \cong \mathrm{SU}(2)$ be equipped with the metric

$$g(Z, W) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}(\operatorname{trace}(\bar{Z}^t W)).$$

- (i) Find an orthonormal basis for $T_e \mathrm{SU}(2)$.
- (ii) Prove that $(\mathrm{SU}(2), g)$ has constant sectional curvature $+1$.

- 3)

Let H^m be the m -dimensional hyperbolic space modelled on the upper half space $\mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R}^{m-1}$ equipped with the Riemannian metric

$$g(X, Y) = \frac{1}{x_1^2} \langle X, Y \rangle_{\mathbb{R}^m},$$

where $x = (x_1, \dots, x_m) \in H^m$. For $k = 1, \dots, m$ let the vector fields $X_k \in C^\infty(TH^m)$ be given by

$$(X_k)_x = x_1 \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial x_k}$$

and define the operation $*$ on H^m by

$$(\alpha, x) * (\beta, y) = (\alpha \cdot \beta, \alpha \cdot y + x).$$

Prove that

- (i) $(H^m, *)$ is a Lie group,
- (ii) the vector fields X_1, \dots, X_m are left-invariant,
- (iii) $[X_k, X_l] = 0$ and $[X_1, X_k] = X_k$ for $k, l = 2, \dots, m$,
- (iv) the metric g is left-invariant,
- (v) (H^m, g) has constant curvature -1 .